I'm not a bot

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The only downsides are that it leaves the character selected, so you have to deselect it (right-cursor, mouse click, etc.) before entering more text (which I guess makes it 2 keystrokes), and it's slow, takes about a second. I used Automator to make a Service workflow, and Keyboard System Preferences to give it a combo keystroke. Text-replacement wasn't introduced until 10.13 High Sierra, and this was the best single-keystroke method I found for such versions (tested on 10.6 Snow Leopard). First open Applications >> Automator, choose the "Service" template, set "Service recieves" to "no input", enable "Replaces selected text", doubleclick the "Run Applescript" action, replace its contents with the following: on run {} return (character id 945) end run and Save it with your desired name (e.g., "α", "Paste an alpha character", etc.). Then open System Preferences >> Keyboard >> Keyboard Shortcuts >> Services, scroll down to Text services, find your new one, click somewhere in the empty white space to the farthest right of its name, and when the text entry box appears, press your desired key combo (I used command-option-shift-A). The only downsides are that it leaves the character selected, so you have to deselect it (right-cursor, mouse click, etc.) before entering more text (which I guess makes it 2 keystrokes), and it's slow, takes about a second. This is a complete guide with several methods you can employ to be able to insert or type the Alpha Symbol or Sign (α) anywhere on your PC, like Microsoft Word/Excel/PowerPoint, whether you are using the Windows or on the Mac keyboard. Without any wasting much time, let’s get to work. To type the Alpha Symbol anywhere on your PC or Laptop keyboard (like in Microsoft Word or Excel), press Ctrl + g, Ctrl + a shortcut for Mac. And if you are using Windows, simply press down the Alt key and type 224 using the numeric keypad on the right side of your keyboard. However, to type this symbol in MS Word, just type 03B1, select it and then press Alt + X to get the Alpha sign. The table below contains everything you need to know to be able to type this symbol on both Windows and Mac. Name of SymbolAlpha signSymbol TextαSymbol Alt Code224Shortcut for WindowsAlt + 224Shortcut for MacCtrl + g, Ctrl + aShortcut in Word-103B1, Alt+X Whether you are using Windows or Mac, the above information is enough for you to write the Alpha sign into your Word/Excel document. However, if you are not satisfied with this quick help, keep reading below as I will explain in detail, how to get the Alpha symbol or any other symbol anywhere on your Mac or Windows PC like in MS Word/Excel/PowerPoint. As you may already know, there are several dual-purpose keys on the keyboard for both Windows and Mac. That is to say that there are symbols readily available as second keys on the keyboard. Just by pressing two or more keys simultaneously, you can easily insert such symbols into your work. For instance, pressing Shift + 7 keys give you the Ampersand (&) sign. However, other symbols aren’t printed on the keyboard as second keys. This makes it difficult to type. One of these symbols is the Alpha symbol (α). Typing becomes very difficult for you if you need to add some of these symbols regularly into your work. But it doesn’t have to be difficult. Especially now that you are reading this step-by-step guide. In the following sections, I will show you all the easy ways to type or insert this symbol (α) anywhere on your Windows or Mac PC (such as Word or Excel or PowerPoint). In a couple of minutes, I’ll explain several methods you can use to get this (α) and any other symbol as and when the need arises. As a quick guide, press down the Alt key and type 224 alt code on your numeric keypad. You can also press Ctrl + g, Ctrl + a on Mac. However, without any further ado, below are the methods explained into details. The Alpha Symbol Shortcut for Mac is Ctrl + g, Ctrl + a. Windows has several shortcuts, some of which works only in Microsoft Word. However, there’s a Windows shortcut for the Alpha Sign that works across all applications. It is the alt code shortcut which is Alt+224 (will be discussed in the next section). The Alpha Symbol shortcut for Microsoft Word is 03B1, Alt X. This works in Microsoft Word Only. To use this on Windows (for Word), obey the following instructions: Place the insertion pointer in the right place.Type 03B1 on your keyboard, then press Alt + X. These steps will convert the code into the Alpha symbol at where you place the insertion pointer. Below is a breakdown on how to use the Alpha symbol shortcut for Mac: First of all, place the insertion pointer where you need to insert the symbol.Now, using the Mac keyboard, Press Ctrl + g, Ctrl + a simultaneously. This shortcut should insert the symbol for you on your Mac PC. In the next section, I’ll show you how to use the Alpha Symbol Alt Code to type the symbol on your keyboard. Using the symbol font type, you can turn the a letter into the Alpha symbol with with some few mouse-clicks. To do so: Place the insertion pointer where the symbol will be inserted.Type the letter A or a.Select the letter you just typed.Under the Home tab, in the Font group, click the drop-down arrow on the font selector. Scroll down and select the font type named Symbol. The symbol font type will change the letter a into the Alpha symbol. The Alpha (α) Symbol Alt Code is 224 and 0177. Every symbol in Word has a unique code that you can use to insert the symbol into your document. This code is well known as “Alt code”. Below are the steps to type this symbol on your keyboard (using the Alt code provided above: Press the num lock key to enable the numeric keypad. Use Fn key + NumLk keys to turn on Num Lock on laptops without the numeric keypad.Press and hold the Alt key and type 224 using the numeric keypad.After typing the Alt code (i.e. 224), release the [Alt] key you pressed down. As soon as you release the Alt Key, the Alpha (α) symbol should appear in your document. Use the button below to copy and paste the Alpha symbol for your work. My favorite method for inserting symbols is the copy and paste. With this method, all you need to do is google the symbol you need to type, then copy it from one of the search results provided. Once you get the symbol into your document, you can always recopy and paste it as and when the need arises. Use the button above to get this symbol on your clipboard. There is another way to copy this and any other symbol on Windows. It involved using the Windows Character Map. Obey the steps below to copy and paste any symbol using the character map. Search for the Character map app by clicking on the Start button.The Character map app will show up in the search results. Click on it to launch. After the Character Map window opens up, click to check the Advance View checkbox to expand the window for more advanced options. On the Advanced View section, type Alpha Sign in the search box.The symbol you searched for (i.e. the Alpha symbol) will now appear on the Character map. Double click on it to select it. You’ll see that the symbol appears in the Characters to copy text box. This allows you to select and copy several symbols at the same time. After selecting the symbol, you wish to copy, click on the Copy button.Switch over to wherever you need the symbol, whether in MS Word, Excel, or PowerPoint, and press Ctrl + V to paste. This is how you may copy and paste the Alpha sign using the Character Map on Windows. This approach isn’t as straight forward as the shortcut methods. But it’s fairly simple. And once you get the symbol into your document, you can always copy and paste it again as and when you need it in your work. Below are the steps to insert the Alpha Sign in Word using the insert symbol dialog. On the Insert tab, click the Symbol button and choose More Symbols… These few clicks will bring up the Symbol dialog box. Locate the Symbol you want to insert. To easily find the Alpha symbol on the Symbols window, look at the bottom right area of the dialog and type 03B1 in the Character Code box. The Alpha symbol you want to insert will be selected. Once the symbol is selected, click on the Insert button. Alternatively, double-clicking on the symbol will also insert the symbol into your document. This is how you may insert a Alpha symbol in Word using the insert symbol dialog. You can also type the Alpha Symbol using the AutoCorrect feature in Word. It is a feature in MS Word designed for correcting spelling mistakes like thsi to this. Using this AutoCorrect Feature, you can assign an acronym shortcut to the Alpha Symbol (ALFASYM for example). This way, whenever you type the text ALFASYM, Word will think that you actually wanted to type α and will convert it into the Alpha symbol for you automatically. See illustration below: What makes this method interesting is that you can assign your own custom shortcut or shortcode to the symbol and Word will automatically insert the symbol whenever you type the code. Without further ado, below are the steps you can use to type Alpha symbol in Word using AutoCorrect. On the Insert tab, go to Symbol and then click More Symbols… The Symbol windows will appear. Locate the Alpha symbol, then click to select it.Click on the AutoCorrect… button to display the AutoCorrect window.In the AutoCorrect dialog box, enter the following: Replace: ALFASYM With: α Click Add, and then then hit the OK button. Now, word will automatically insert the Alpha symbol into your document whenever you type ALFASYM. However, below are some few things to note when you are using the AutoCorrect Method to insert the Alpha sign. AutoCorrect is case sensitive. Meaning if you type alfasym (in lowercase), Word will not convert it into the Alpha sign unless you type ALFASYM (in uppercase).If there is any text before or after the AutoCorrect text, Word will consider the AutoCorrect text as part of the text and hence will not convert it to the Alpha symbol. For example, XALFASYM will not get converted, but X ALFASYM will get converted to X α. As you can see, these are the various ways you may insert or type the Alpha symbol in Word/Excel with or without using the keyboard. My favorite method is using the copy and paste method followed by the shortcuts. The Alt Code method also comes simple. For any comments or questions about this Alpha sign guide, please let me know in the comments section below. Thanks for reading. I used Automator to make a Service workflow, and Keyboard System Preferences to give it a combo keystroke. Text-replacement wasn't introduced until 10.13 High Sierra, and this was the best single-keystroke method I found for such versions (tested on 10.6 Snow Leopard). First open Applications >> Automator, choose the "Service" template, set "Service recieves" to "no input", enable "Replaces selected text", doubleclick the "Run Applescript" action, replace its contents with the following: on run {} return (character id 945) end run and Save it with your desired name (e.g., "α", "Paste an alpha character", etc.). Then open System Preferences >> Keyboard >> Keyboard Shortcuts >> Services, scroll down to Text services, find your new one, click somewhere in the empty white space to the farthest right of its name, and when the text entry box appears, press your desired key combo (I used command-option-shift-A). The only downsides are that it leaves the character selected, so you have to deselect it (right-cursor, mouse click, etc.) before entering more text (which I guess makes it 2 keystrokes), and it's slow, takes about a second. I used Automator to make a Service workflow, and Keyboard System Preferences to give it a combo keystroke. Text-replacement wasn't introduced until 10.13 High Sierra, and this was the best single-keystroke method I found for such versions (tested on 10.6 Snow Leopard). First open Applications >> Automator, choose the "Service" template, set "Service recieves" to "no input", enable "Replaces selected text", doubleclick the "Run Applescript" action, replace its contents with the following: on run {} return (character id 945) end run and Save it with your desired name (e.g., "α", "Paste an alpha character", etc.). Then open System Preferences >> Keyboard >> Keyboard Shortcuts >> Services, scroll down to Text services, find your new one, click somewhere in the empty white space to the farthest right of its name, and when the text entry box appears, press your desired key combo (I used command-option-shift-A). The only downsides are that it leaves the character selected, so you have to deselect it (right-cursor, mouse click, etc.) before entering more text (which I guess makes it 2 keystrokes), and it's slow, takes about a second. Page content loaded Apr 1, 2011 6:04 AM in response to DR46 Apple's Grapher does, in fact, have this capability. It's a shame that Apple's documentation is very poor. Grapher is a wonderful application. In any case, here is how to do it: The general syntax is: y = condition(s) ? expression So for example, if you only wanted to graph the positive x values of x^2, you would enter: y = x > 0 ? x^2 You can also have multiple conditions, separated with an ampersand (&). For example, the sinx graph from -pi to pi: y = x > -π & x < π ? sinx You can even limit the range. Example: y = y < 5 ? x^2 This only shows the parabola up to the y = 5 line. Again, you can mix and match any set of conditions you desire with the ampersand, including limits on the domain and range within the same set of conditions. Example of x^2 only showing positive x values up to the y = 5 line: y = y < 5 & x > 0 ? x^2 Hope this helps. Mar 17, 2011 4:21 PM in response to DR46 You mean "curve," not "line." I think what you're saying is that you want to graph an equation such as y=f(x), x>0, but showing part of the negative x-axis. I don't see any way to do that directly. Restrict the x-axis to show only the part of the curve you want, and save the graph as a TIFF. Save a blank grid as a TIFF. Composite the first TIFF onto the second one in a bitmap editor. Either that, or you need a much more flexible graphing program, such as gnuplot. Mar 17, 2011 2:48 PM in response to DR46 Unfortunately, neither of those answers were what I'm looking for. I should have specified, i want to be able to set the domain and range of a specific line. I'm looking for how I can set the restrictions to an equation, I.E. the domain and range. The first post told me how to set the domain and range of the axes, but not of a line. It is hard to communicate exactly what i mean, but i hope this is enough. Thanks for the answers, anyhow. Mar 17, 2011 3:54 PM in response to DR46 I need to make part of a line disappear (by setting the domain and range of a line) while having the axes remain unaffected. Your first post altered the domain and range of the axes, while I need the domain and range of a specific line/parabola to disappear. Feb 3, 2015 2:18 PM in response to Brad DT I've been using grapher for years & had *no idea* you could do this so easily. I've wasted so much time finding parameterizations instead. How did you discover this? Do you know of a good manual / source / site for what Grapher can do? I know it's very powerful, but now I'm wondering about what else I've been doing the hard way! Thanks in advance, Rax Jun 28, 2016 1:06 PM in response to Linc Davis I know this is quite old but it came up in my search. Is it possible to un-mark this as the answer (appears as the response that is marked as "Solved" in response to the OP) since a later post from Brad DT actually gave the correct answer? And mark Brad DT's as "Solved"? Or is that under the control of the OP? (I found the answer in an old post elsewhere and was coming back to post it here when the full thread revealed the answer was here all along). Mar 17, 2011 2:57 PM in response to DR46 I'm at a loss to understand what you mean. Can you give a specific example? It seems to me that your first example has already been addressed. Mar 17, 2011 6:08 PM in response to DR46 oh shoot. that is my mistake, i should have said curve instead of line. odd that grapher.app cant set domain and range, as it has so many other features. thanks for your time. Jun 29, 2016 6:59 AM in response to BTB83 The OP is the only one who can award points. Nov 27, 2016 9:45 AM in response to Brad DT Thank you so much!!! Direct answer! iClarified • May 19, 2023 at 8:27pm You can easily type an Alpha symbol (α) on Mac by pressing Control-Command-Spacebar on your keyboard to bring up the Character Viewer. Search for 'alpha' then select the symbol to insert it. Alternatively, you could just copy and paste the Alpha symbol (α) from here to insert it into your document. macOS / Earlier Operating Systems Maybe I am suffering a lapse here but I wonder, "How do I type characters in the Greek alphabet?" You know, [alpha], [beta], [delta], [gamma], ... [psi], [omega]. (I used brackets to mark what _should_ be single characters.)In Pages, the Symbol font looks _just_ like, abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz. While I heard Rush Limbaugh's show from-today, I tested each of the ~100 [?] fonts, but I saw _no_ Greek. (I couldn't get Greek solidly by holding-down the [Option] key, either.) iMac, OS X Mountain Lion (10.8.4), 2.5 GHz Intel Core I5 P. & 4 GB M. Posted on Aug 22, 2013 2:39 PM Reply Posted on Aug 22, 2013 3:59 PM 2 choices:Do Edit > Special Characters and click on the gear wheel at the top left, select Customize and check the box for Greek. Double click or drag drop to input.Go to system prefs/language & text/input sources and check the box for Greek, plus the box for Show Input Menu in Finder. Then select Greek from the "flag" menu at the top right of the screen and type.Symbol fonts that produce Greek when you type Latin are obsolete junk and you should not use them if you happen to find one. Page content loaded Aug 22, 2013 3:59 PM in response to Bob Novy 2 choices:Do Edit > Special Characters and click on the gear wheel at the top left, select Customize and check the box for Greek. Double click or drag drop to input.Go to system prefs/language & text/input sources and check the box for Greek, plus the box for Show Input Menu in Finder. Then select Greek from the "flag" menu at the top right of the screen and type.Symbol fonts that produce Greek when you type Latin are obsolete junk and you should not use them if you happen to find one. Sep 2, 2013 9:39 AM in response to Bob Novy It would be nice if you could re-assign the option+key (e.g. option + a = alpha), but I haven't found a way. What I have done instead is do as Tom said, then just map a keyboard shortcut to change between inputs (I'm using ctrl+space):Setup keyboard shortcut: "system preferences->keyboard->input Sources->Language" then enable the "select previous input source" (last one on my list), change the shortcut as needed.Though (as you might know?) for a few of them, you already have dedicated shortcuts (just not all the ones I need, but you might be lucky?):Greek16 ∂ Option-D (Delta))17 Δ Option-J (Delta)18 µ Option-M (Mu)19 π Option-P (phi)20 ß Option-S (beta21 Ω Option-Z (Omega)22 ∏ Option-Shift-P (phi)Found here: creating-symbols.html)Cheers,W Sep 2, 2013 10:28 AM in response to 2352 2352 wrote: It would be nice if you could re-assign the option+key (e.g. option + a = alpha), but I haven't found a way. One way is to build a custom keyboard layout using s really very easy. Sep 11, 2013 8:19 AM in response to 2352 Thank you, Tom Gewecke out in far-from NC, Scottsdale, AZ. Still, I wonder why Apple no-longer provides a Proper Symbol font?On my iMac with System OS X v10.8.4, what Apple calls Symbol is just Arabic (regular a-z & A-Z) in what looks like Helvetica font. What mis-advertising! I would Expect better from Apple than this. Apple has regressed, yes?Still were I a skeptic, I would think that a Greek font is something that Apple plans to release in-the future, again. Upgrade = More Money! :-(So I thank goodness that _I_ don't use Greek font, today. But I remember when I did.In Graduate School, I relied on Troff, the word processor on the UNIX Operating System. Through more than 5-years of study at the University of Minnesota, I wrote my PhD thesis with Troff, finishing in 1990. :-) Sep 11, 2013 9:14 AM in response to Bob Novy Bob Novy wrote: Apple has regressed, yes?No, Apple has progressed, and the other way is stuck in the 1990's. Everyone should be using Unicode, where Greek characters have their own code points. Fonts like the old Symbol which map Greek to Latin codepoints are obsolete and hopefully will disappear. Apple's Symbol font puts things where they are supposed to be under the agreed international standards. It is really unfortunate that we have so much legacy data which was done the old way....Apple could provide a second "improper" Symbol font to help people deal with that, but has chosen not to. This thread has been closed by the system or the community team. You may vote for any posts you find helpful, or search the Community for additional answers. Unlock the full potential of your Mac keyboard by mastering the use of special characters. Here are three easy methods to access myriad symbols in nearly every application. Typing special characters on a Mac is straightforward once you understand the methods available. Whether it's accent marks, currency symbols, or mathematical notations, this guide will walk you through three primary techniques to access special characters on your Mac. How to press and hold a key to type special characters on MacThis method is good when you know the special character is a modified letter: Position your cursor where you want the character to appear. Press and hold the key corresponding to the character you want. For example, to type 'e' with an acute, press and hold the 'e' key. A small menu will pop up, showing different variations of the character. While still holding the key, either click the character you want or press the number corresponding to the character. Each keyboard key has a set of modified versions from which to choose.How to use the Option key to type special characters on MacThis method is is the fastest when typing, but is limited to a single character per keyboard key: Position your cursor where you want the character to appear. Hold down the 'Option' key. While holding the 'Option' key, press another key to create a special character. For example, 'Option + a' will produce an 'a' with an overring. Release the keys. Like the 'Shift' key, the 'Option' key modifies each letter. The letter 'a' gets an overring.How to access the Character Viewer to type special characters on MacThe Character Viewer is a tool that provides a wide range of special characters: Position your cursor where you want the character to appear. Go to the 'Edit' menu on the application you are using. Select 'Emoji & Symbols' from the drop-down menu, or use the shortcut 'Control + Command + Space'. The Character Viewer will appear, displaying a variety of characters. Navigate through the viewer, select the character you want, and it will be inserted into your document. In addition to emoji, the Character Viewer is where you can find pretty much any character.Each of these methods offers a way to access special characters quickly and efficiently, making it easier to convey precise information in your documents, emails, or any other text on your Mac. I used Automator to make a Service workflow, and Keyboard System Preferences to give it a combo keystroke. Text-replacement wasn't introduced until 10.13 High Sierra, and this was the best single-keystroke method I found for such versions (tested on 10.6 Snow Leopard). First open Applications >> Automator, choose the "Service" template, set "Service recieves" to "no input", enable "Replaces selected text", doubleclick the "Run Applescript" action, replace its contents with the following: on run {} return (character id 945) end run and Save it with your desired name (e.g., "α", "Paste an alpha character", etc.). Then open System Preferences >> Keyboard >> Keyboard Shortcuts >> Services, scroll down to Text services, find your new one, click somewhere in the empty white space to the farthest right of its name, and when the text entry box appears, press your desired key combo (I used command-option-shift-A). The only downsides are that it leaves the character selected, so you have to deselect it (right-cursor, mouse click, etc.) before entering more text (which I guess makes it 2 keystrokes), and it's slow, takes about a second. MagicPlot supports any Unicode symbols, including Greek letters and many special symbols. The help on inserting Greek letters and special symbols is also available in Help menu. To insert Greek letter type Ctrl+G (Command G on Mac OS) and then type Latin letter mentioned in the table below. Greek Letter Name Greek Symbol On Keyboard (Ctrl+G, then) Alpha A α A a Beta B β B b Gamma Γ γ G g Delta Δ δ D d Epsilon E ε E e Zeta Z ζ Z z Eta H η H h Theta Θ θ Q q Theta (alt.) ϑ J Iota I ι I i Kappa K κ K k Lambda Λ λ L l Mu M µ M m Nu N ν N n Xi Ξ ξ X x Omicron O o O o Pi Π π P p Rho P ρ R r Sigma Σ σ S s Tau T τ T t Upsilon Y υ U u Phi Φ φ F f Phi (alt.) ϕ j Chi X χ C c Psi Ψ ψ Y y Omega Ω ω W w To insert math symbol type Ctrl+M (Command M on Mac OS) and then type symbol mentioned in the table below. Symbol name Symbol On Keyboard (Ctrl+M, then) Multiplication sign × * or x Middle dot (multiplication) · . (dot) Division slash / / Minus sign − - Plus-minus sign ± + Minus-plus sign ∓ = Not equal ≠ n Infinity ∞ 8 To see the full list of shortcuts select Help → Insert Greek Letters and Math menu item. To insert the following special characters, simply type character sequences, as shown in the table below. Character sequences will be replaced with special characters when you exit the edit mode (but only if selected font contains required symbols). You can disable auto replacing in Typography tab of MagicPlot Preferences. Symbol name Symbol Char sequence Em dash — --- En dash – -- Ellipsis … ... Much less than ≪ > Less than or equal to ≤ = Plus-minus sign ± +/- Minus-plus sign ∓ -/+ MagicPlot shows in status bar the Unicode code point of character highlighted in text label. To view code point select exactly one character in text label in Figure of Fit Plot. Advanced Typography Features Mac / MacBook Pro Hi all,I am trying to find a shortcut for lambda but i found other greek laters by using option key. I can type µ. Thank you, Vanessa MacBook Pro Posted on Aug 16, 2012 2:57 PM Reply Posted on Aug 16, 2012 5:28 PM You can only type a few Greek characters using the US keyboard layout. Instead use the Character Palette or activate the Greek keyboard layout. You should check the boxes for these in system prefs/language & text/input sources, plus the box for Show Input Menu in Menu Bar.You can access Character Palette via Edit > Special CharactersYou can access the Greek Keyboard by selecting it in the "flag" menu at the top right of the screen. Select Keyboard Viewer from the same menu to see which key does what. Page content loaded Aug 16, 2012 5:28 PM in response to aguilsv You can only type a few Greek characters using the US keyboard layout. Instead use the Character Palette or activate the Greek keyboard layout. You should check the boxes for these in system prefs/language & text/input sources, plus the box for Show Input Menu in Menu Bar.You can access Character Palette via Edit > Special CharactersYou can access the Greek Keyboard by selecting it in the "flag" menu at the top right of the screen. Select Keyboard Viewer from the same menu to see which key does what. This thread has been closed by the system or the community team. You may vote for any posts you find helpful, or search the Community for additional answers. What is the shortcut for greek letters. Alt code shortcuts are popular in Windows PC to insert special characters and Unicode symbols. Many users do not know that they can also use alt code shortcuts in Apple’s MacBook and iMac computers. The default Apple keyboard also has two alt keys on the keyboard layout. They are named as “Option” on the keys with the small name “alt” on it. These alt keys are one of the hidden gems in Apple keyboard less used by most of the Mac users. In this article, we will provide a complete list alt code shortcuts for Mac to insert symbols. You can use the option key to insert special symbols like trademark, copyright and currencies. These alt code Mac shortcuts will work on all default text editing apps like Pages, Numbers, Keynote, Notes, TextEdit or when typing emails. You can use the default English keyboard layout (ABC) when using alt key with other modifier keys like Shift or letter keys. However, you should change the input source to Unicode Hex Input in order to use the four digit hexadecimal Unicode points. Below is the complete list of keyboard shortcuts for inserting symbols using option or alt key in macOS. Use the search box for typing the symbol name to quickly filter the results. For example, type “cross” to filter all cross mark symbols. We have also grouped the shortcuts under different categories and you can sort the “Category” column to find relevant shortcuts easily. Accent – accented language characters like Ã, ê and Û. Arrows – all arrow symbols like ↘, ➔ and ➽. Check – check mark symbols in Mac like ☑ and ✔. Cross – cross symbols like ✖ and ☒. Currency – all currency symbols like €, $ and £. Hearts – different hearts symbols like ❤ and ❣. Letters – default keyboard uppercase and lowercase letters. Math – mathematical symbols, fractions and operators like ≤, ≥ and ≠. Music – music symbols like ♫ and ♯. Numbers – default and circled numbers like ❶ and ⑩. Punctuation – typography marks like ¶ and ¿. Sports – sports and activities related symbols like ♧ and ♞. Stars – star and asterisk symbols like , ☆ and ✪. Symbol – special and letter like symbols like ©, ™ and ✐. Weather – nature related symbols like ❄, ☃ and ☂. Zodiac – astrology symbols like ♌ and ♏. Mac Alt CodeSymbolDescriptionCategory Option + Shift + kApple Logo SymbolSymbol Option + zΩOhm or OmegaMath Option + pπGreek Lowercase PiMath Option + mµMicron or Micro SignMath Option + Shift + ;ÚLatin Uppercase U with AcuteAccent Option + 2™TrademarkSymbol Option + sßLatin Lowercase Sharp SLetters Option + Shift + qŒLatin Uppercase Ligature OELetters Option + qœLatin Lowercase Ligature OELetters Option + Shift + oØLatin Uppercase O with StrokeLetters Option + oøLatin Lowercase O with StrokeLetters Option + Shift + jÔLatin Uppercase O with CircumflexAccent Option + Shift + lÒLatin Uppercase O with GraveAccent Option + Shift + hÓLatin Uppercase O with AcuteAccent Option + 0ªMasculine Ordinal IndicatorMath Option + Shift + bıLatin Lowercase Dotless ILetters Option + Shift + fÍLatin Uppercase I with DiaeresisAccent Option + Shift + dÎLatin Uppercase I with CircumflexAccent Option + Shift + sÍLatin Uppercase I with AcuteAccent Option + fƒLatin Lowercase f with Hook or FlorinLetters Option + Shift + 6flLatin Lowercase Ligature FLLetters Option + Shift + 5fiLatin Lowercase Ligature FILetters Option + Shift + cÇLatin Uppercase C with CedillaAccent Option + ccÇLatin Lowercase C with CedillaAccent Option + Shift + ‘ÆLatin Uppercase ÆLetters Option + ‘æLatin Lowercase æLetters Option + Shift + aÃLatin Uppercase A with Ring AboveAccent Option + aåLatin Lowercase A with Ring AboveAccent Option + Shift + mÂLatin Uppercase A with CircumflexAccent Option + Shift + yÁLatin Uppercase A with AcuteAccent Option + 9ªFeminine Ordinal IndicatorMath Option + Shift + 2€Euro SymbolCurrency Option + y¥Japanese Yen SymbolCurrency Option + 3£Pound Sterling SymbolCurrency Option + 4¢Cent SymbolCurrency Option + Shift + v◊Diamond or LozengeMath Option + .≥Greater than or Equal toMath Option + ,≤Lesser than or Equal toMath Option + x≈Approximate or Almost Equal toMath Option + bʃIntegral SymbolMath Option + 5∞InfinityMath Option + v√Square Root Math SymbolMath Option + Shift + 1⁄Slash or Forward Slash or Right SlashPunctuation Option + 1¬Not SignMath Option + =≠Not Equal toMath Option + /÷Divided by or Division SignMath Option + Shift + =±Plus or MinusMath Option + w∑Sigma or Sum or N-ary SummationMath Option + Shift + p∏N-ary product SymbolMath Option + jΔTriangle or IncrementMath Option + d∂Partial DifferentialMath Option + r®RegisteredSymbol Option + g©CopyrightSymbol Option + Shift + 8°DegreeMath Option + Shift + tˇCaron or háček or Inverted CircumflexAccent Option + Shift + iˆCircumflexAccent Option + Shift + x˛OgonekAccent Option + Shift + z¸CedillaAccent Option + Shift + g˝Double Acute AccentAccent Option + k˚Ring AboveAccent Option + u¨DiaeresisAccent Option + Shift + u¨DiaeresisAccent Option + h˙Superscript Dot or Dot AboveAccent Option + Shift + .˘BreveAccent Option + Shift + ,¯MacronAccent Option + Shift + n˜Lowercase TildeAccent Option + n˜Lowercase TildeAccent Option + Shift + e´Acute AccentAccent Option + e´Acute AccentAccent Option + 8•BulletPunctuation Option + Shift + 7‡Double DaggerCross Option + t†Dagger or Plus or CrossCross Option + Shift + r‰Per Mille SignMath Option + 7¶Paragraph or Pilcrow signPunctuation Option + 6§Section SignPunctuation Option + Shift + \»Double Right Angle Quotation MarkPunctuation Option + \«Double Left Angle Quotation MarkPunctuation Option + Shift + w„Double Quote (European)Punctuation Option + Shift + [”Right Double QuotePunctuation Option + [“Left Double QuotePunctuation Option + Shift + 4›Single Right Angle Quotation MarkPunctuation Option + Shift + 3‹Single Left Angle Quotation MarkPunctuation Option + Shift + 0,CommaPunctuation Option + Shift +]’Right Single QuotePunctuation Option +]’Apostrophe or Left Single QuotePunctuation Option + Shift + 9·Dot CenterPunctuation Option + ;…Horizontal EllipsisPunctuation Option + Shift + /¿Inverted Question MarkPunctuation Option + 1¡Inverted Exclamation MarkPunctuation Option + Shift + -—Em DashPunctuation Option + --En DashPunctuation Option + 001E-HyphenPunctuation Option + 0021!ExclamationPunctuation Option + 0022“Double QuotePunctuation Option + 0023#Number SignPunctuation Option + 0024$Dollar SignCurrency Option + 0025%PercentagePunctuation Option + 0026&AmpersandPunctuation Option + 0027’Single QuotePunctuation Option + 0028(Left ParenthesisPunctuation Option + 0029)Right ParenthesisPunctuation Option + 002A*AsteriskPunctuation Option + 002B+Plus SignMath Option + 002C,CommaPunctuation Option + 002D-MinusMath Option + 002E.Full stopPunctuation Option + 002F/Right SlashPunctuation Option + 00300Number ZeroNumbers Option + 00311Number OneNumbers Option + 00322Number TwoNumbers Option + 00333Number ThreeNumbers Option + 00344Number FourNumbers Option + 00355Number FiveNumbers Option + 00366Number SixNumbers Option + 00377Number SevenNumbers Option + 00388Number EightNumbers Option + 00399Number NineNumbers Option + 003A:ColonPunctuation Option + 003B;SemicolonPunctuation Option + 003CLess thanMath Option + 003D=Is Equal toMath Option + 003E> Greater thanMath Option + 003F?Question MarkPunctuation Option + 0040@At the RateSymbol Option + 0041AUppercase ALetters Option + 0042BUppercase BLetters Option + 0043CUppercase CLetters Option + 0044DUppercase DLetters Option + 0045EUppercase ELetters Option + 0046FUppercase FLetters Option + 0047GUppercase GLetters Option + 0048HUppercase HLetters Option + 0049IUppercase ILetters Option + 004AJUppercase JLetters Option + 004BKUppercase KLetters Option + 004CLUppercase LLetters Option + 004DMUppercase MLetters Option + 004ENUppercase NLetters Option + 004FOUppercase OLetters Option + 0050PUppercase PLetters Option + 0051QUppercase QLetters Option + 0052RUppercase RLetters Option + 0053SUppercase SLetters Option + 0054TUppercase TLetters Option + 0055UUppercase ULetters Option + 0056VUppercase VLetters Option + 0057WUppercase WLetters Option + 0058XUppercase XLetters Option + 0059YUppercase YLetters Option + 005AZUppercase ZLetters Option + 005B[Left BracketPunctuation Option + 005C\Left SlashPunctuation Option + 005D]Right BracketPunctuation Option + 005E^CapPunctuation Option + 005F_UnderscorePunctuation Option + 0060`ApostrophePunctuation Option + 0061aLowercase aLetters Option + 0062bLowercase bLetters Option + 0063CLowercase cLetters Option + 0064dLowercase dLetters Option + 0065ELowercase eLetters Option + 0066fLowercase fLetters Option + 0067gLowercase gLetters Option + 0068hLowercase hLetters Option + 0069iLowercase iLetters Option + 006AjLowercase jLetters Option + 006BkLowercase kLetters Option + 006ClLowercase lLetters Option + 006DmLowercase mLetters Option + 006EnLowercase nLetters Option + 006FoLowercase oLetters Option + 0070pLowercase pLetters Option + 0071qLowercase qLetters Option + 0072rLowercase rLetters Option + 0073sLowercase sLetters Option + 0074tLowercase tLetters Option + 0075uLowercase uLetters Option + 0076vLowercase vLetters Option + 0077wLowercase wLetters Option + 0078xLowercase xLetters Option + 0079yLowercase yLetters Option + 007AzLowercase zLetters Option + 007B{Left Brace or Curly BracketPunctuation Option + 007C|PipelinePunctuation Option + 007D}Right Brace or Curly BracketPunctuation Option + 007E~Intermediate or ApproximatePunctuation Option + 0080€Euro CurrencyCurrency Option + 0083ƒDutch FlorinCurrency Option + 0085…Three dots continuationPunctuation Option + 0086†DaggerCross Option + 0087‡Double DaggerCross Option + 0088ˆCap ArrowSymbol Option + 0089‰Per MilleMath Option + 008AŠUppercase S with CaronAccent Option + 008B‹Single Angle Quotation LeftPunctuation Option + 008CŒUppercase O-E LigatureLetters Option + 008EŽUppercase Z with CaronAccent Option + 0095•Big DotPunctuation Option + 0096–En-dash symbolPunctuation Option + 0097—Em-dash symbolPunctuation Option + 0098˜IntermediateSymbol Option + 0099™TrademarkSymbol Option + 009AšLowercase s with CaronAccent Option + 009B›Single Angle Quotation RightPunctuation Option + 009CœLowercase o-e LigatureLetters Option + 009EžLowercase z with CaronAccent Option + 009FŸUmlaut Y UppercaseAccent Option + 00A1¡Down Exclamation MarkPunctuation Option + 00A2¢CentCurrency Option + 00A3£PoundCurrency Option + 00A4¤General CurrencyCurrency Option + 00A5¥Japanese YenCurrency Option + 00A6¦Pipeline with BreakPunctuation Option + 00A7§Section SymbolPunctuation Option + 00A9©CopyrightSymbol Option + 00AAªFeminine Ordinal NumberMath Option + 00AB«Double Angle Quotation LeftPunctuation Option + 00AC¬Not SymbolMath Option + 00ADHyphen or DashPunctuation Option + 00AE®RegisteredSymbol Option + 00AF¯Upper DashPunctuation Option + 00B0°Degree SignMath Option + 00B1±Plus or Minus SignMath Option + 00B2²Power of Two (Square)Math Option + 00B3³Power of Three (Cube)Math Option + 00B5µMicronMath Option + 00B6¶ParagraphPunctuation Option + 00B7·Center DotPunctuation Option + 00B9¹Citation OnePunctuation Option + 00BAºMasculine Ordinal NumberMath Option + 00BB»Double Angle Quotation RightPunctuation Option + 00BB»Double Greater than MarkPunctuation Option + 00BC¼One fourth fractionMath Option + 00BD½One half fractionMath Option + 00BE¾Three fourth fractionMath Option + 00BF¿Down Question MarkPunctuation Option + 00C0ÀLatin Grave A UppercaseAccent Option + 00C1ÁLatin Acute A UppercaseAccent Option + 00C2ÂLatin Circumflex A UppercaseAccent Option + 00C3ÃLatin Tilde A UppercaseAccent Option + 00C4ÅLatin Umlaut A UppercaseAccent Option + 00C5ÅLatin Uppercase A with Ring AboveAccent Option + 00C6ÆLatin Uppercase A-E LigatureLetters Option + 00C7ÇLatin Uppercase C CedillaAccent Option + 00C8ÈLatin Grave E UppercaseAccent Option + 00C9ÉLatin Acute E UppercaseAccent Option + 00CAÊLatin Circumflex E UppercaseAccent Option + 00CBËLatin Umlaut E UppercaseAccent Option + 00CCÌLatin Grave I UppercaseAccent Option + 00CDÍLatin Acute I UppercaseAccent Option + 00CEÎLatin Circumflex I UppercaseAccent Option + 00CFÏLatin Umlaut I UppercaseAccent Option + 00D0ÐOld English Eth (Uppercase)Letters Option + 00D1ÑLatin Tilde I UppercaseAccent Option + 00D2ÒLatin Grave O UppercaseAccent Option + 00D3ÓLatin Acute O UppercaseAccent Option + 00D4ÔLatin Circumflex O UppercaseAccent Option + 00D5ÕLatin Tilde O UppercaseAccent Option + 00D6ÖLatin Umlaut O UppercaseAccent Option + 00D7×Multiplication SignMath Option + 00D8ØUppercase Nordic O SlashLetters Option + 00D8ØPhiMath Option + 00D9ÙLatin Grave U UppercaseAccent